- (3) Any public utility required to make refunds pursuant to this section shall bear all costs of such refunding.
- (b) Reports. Any public utility whose proposed increased rates or charges were suspended and have gone into effect pending final order of the Commission pursuant to section 205(e) of the Federal Power Act shall keep accurate account of all amounts received under the increased rates or charges which became effective after the suspension period, for each billing period, specifiying by whom and in whose behalf such amounts are paid.

[44 FR 53503, Sept. 14, 1979, as amended at 45 FR 3889, Jan. 21, 1980; Order 545, 57 FR 53990, Nov. 16, 1992; 74 FR 54463, Oct. 22, 2009]

§ 35.21 Applicability to licensees and others subject to section 19 or 20 of the Federal Power Act.

Upon further order of this Commission issued upon its own motion or upon complaint or request by any person or State within the meaning of sections 19 or 20 of the Federal Power Act, the provisions of §§35.1 through 35.19 shall be operative as to any licensee or others who are subject to this Commission's jurisdiction in respect to services and the rates and charges of payment therefor by reason of the requirements of sections 19 or 20 of the Federal Power Act. The requirement of this section for compliance with the provisions of §§35.1 through 35.19 shall be in addition to and independent of any obligation for compliance with those regulations by reason of the provisions of sections 205 and 206 of the Federal Power Act. For purposes of applying this section Electric Service as otherwise defined in §35.2(a) shall mean: Services to customers or consumers of power within the meaning of sections 19 or 20 of the Federal Power Act which may be comprised of various classes of capacity and energy and/or transmission services subject to the jurisdiction of this Commission. Electric Service shall include the utilization of facilities owned or operated by any licensee or others to effect any of the foregoing sales or services whether by leasing or other arrangements. As defined herein Electric Service is without regard to the form of payment or compensation for the sales or services rendered, whether by purchase and sale, interchange, exchange, wheeling charge, facilities charge, rental or otherwise. For purposes of applying this section, *Rate Schedule* as otherwise defined in §35.2(b) shall mean: A statement of

- (1) Electric service as defined in this §35.21,
- (2) Rates and charges for or in connection with that service, and
- (3) All classifications, practices, rules, regulations, or contracts which in any manner affect or relate to the aforementioned service, rates and charges. This statement shall be in writing and may take the physical form of a contractual document, purchase or sale agreement, lease of facilities, tariff⁵ or other writing. Any oral agreement or understanding forming a part of such statement shall be reduced to writing and made a part thereof.

[Order 271, 28 FR 10573, Oct. 2, 1963, as amended by Order 741, 73 FR 57533, Oct. 3, 2008]

§ 35.22 Limits for percentage adders in rates for transmission services; revision of rate schedules, tariffs or service agreements.

- (a) Applicability. This section applies to all electric rate schedules, tariffs or service agreements required to be filed under this part that are used for transactions in which the utility or system performs a transmission or purchase and resale function.
- (b) Definition. For purposes of this section, purchased power price means the amount paid by a utility or system that performs a transmission or purchase and resale function for electric power generated by another utility or system.
- (c) General rule. (1) If a utility or system uses a rate component that recovers revenues computed wholly or in part as a percentage of the purchased power price, the utility or system shall establish a limit on the revenues recovered by such rate component in any transaction, in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section.
- (2) The limit established under this paragraph shall be stated in mills per kilowatt-hour.

⁵ See § 35.2.

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- (d) Cost support information. (1) A utility or system shall submit cost support information to justify any revenue limit established under paragraph (c) of this section, except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (2) The information submitted under this section shall consist of those costs, other than the purchased power price, incurred by a utility or system as a result of a transmission or purchase and resale transaction, which costs are not recovered under any other rate component.
- (e) Exception. A utility or system need not submit the cost support information required under paragraph (d) of this section if the limit established under paragraph (c) of this section is not more than one mill per kilowatthour.
- (f) Revision of rate schedules, tariffs or service agreements. Every utility or system shall:
- (1) Amend any rate schedule, tariffs or service agreements to indicate any limit established pursuant to this section, not later than 60 days after the effective date of this rule; and
- (2) Hereafter conform any rate or rate change filed under this part to the requirements of this section.

(Federal Power Act, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 792–828c; Department of Energy Organization Act, 42 U.S.C. 7101–7352; E.O. 12009, 3 CFR 142 (1978))

[Order 84, 45 FR 31300, May 13, 1980. Redesignated by Order 545, 57 FR 53990, Nov. 16, 1992. Amended by Order 741, 73 FR 57533, Oct. 3, 2008]

§35.23 General provisions.

- (a) Applicability. This subpart applies to any wholesale sale of electric energy in a coordination transaction by a public utility if that sale requires the use of an emissions allowance.
- (b) Implementation Procedures. (1) If a public utility has a coordination rate schedule on file that expressly provides for the recovery of all incremental or out-of-pocket costs, such utility may make an abbreviated rate filing detailing how it will recover emissions allowance costs. Such filing must include the following: the index or combination of indices to be used; the method by which the emission allowance amounts will be calculated; timing procedures;

how inconsistencies, if any, with dispatch criteria will be reconciled; and how any other rate impacts will be addressed. In addition, a utility making an abbreviated filing must:

- (i) Clearly identify the filing as being limited to an amendment to a coordination rate to reflect the cost of emissions allowances, in the first paragraph of the letter of transmittal accompanying the filing;
- (ii) Submit the revisions in accordance with §35.7; and
- (iii) Identify each rate schedule to which the amendment applies.
- (2) The abbreviated filing must apply consistent treatment to all coordination rate schedules. If the filing does not apply consistent rate treatment, the public utility must explain why it does not do so.
- (3) If a public utility wants to charge incremental costs for emissions allowances, but its rate schedule on file with the Commission does not provide for the recovery of all incremental costs, the selling public utility may submit an abbreviated filing if all customers agree to the rate change. If customers do not agree, the selling public utility must tender its emissions allowance proposal in a separate section 205 rate filing, fully justifying its proposal.

[59 FR 65938, Dec. 22, 1994, as amended by Order 741, 73 FR 57533, Oct. 3, 2008]

§ 35.24 Tax normalization for public utilities.

- (a) Applicability. (1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, this section applies, with respect to rate schedules filed under \$\\$35.12\$ and \$35.13 of this part, to the ratemaking treatment of the tax effects of all transactions for which there are timing differences.
- (2) This section does not apply to the following timing differences:
- (i) Differences that result from the use of accelerated depreciation;
- (ii) Differences that result from the use of Class Life Asset Depreciation Range (ADR) provisions of the Internal Revenue Code:
- (iii) Differences that result from the use of accelerated amortization provisions on certified defense and pollution control facilities;